## Working with the national and local media

## Environmental Protection UK Rugby: 21 April 2010

Simon Birkett, Founder Campaign for Clean Air in London <u>www.cleanairinlondon.org</u>

# Summary

Working with the national and local media is an essential part of any lobbying or public understanding campaign

- The media deserves our respect
- Different media channels and their characteristics
- Finding a story: who, what, where, when and why?
- Things you should be ready to talk about
- Preparation: what message(s) do you want to get across?
- Possible 'hooks' for UK air quality
- Things to bear in mind

#### Please encourage local/national media interest in air quality



#### Heavy traffic in Brompton Road, London

Brompton Road in London looking eastwards with Harrods ahead

The media deserves our respect How did you find out about the news?

- Extraordinary ability to put the story into a few words
- Pressure to 'sell' papers and/or attract an audience
- The need to find a story and/or a 'hook'
- Usually keen to present both sides of a story
- Air quality is technical: NO<sub>2</sub>/x and μg/m<sup>3</sup>...
- Short of resources
- Short of time with tight deadlines
- Bombarded constantly by ideas and media releases
- The editor has the final say!

## Different media channels and their characteristics

The written word

- Blogging: you write it!
- Comment pieces: you write it
- Letters: you...
- Newspapers: fixed word length e.g. 500 or 750 words
- Specialist publications: more technical; longer lead times
- Online material: fixed word length
- Twitter (and Facebook): immediate, powerful but needs filtering The spoken word
- Television: often recorded one sentence sound bites. Pause
- YouTube: you can do it one minute or 10?
- Radio: often live opportunity to say more... Use notes. Pause Local and national media are both important

#### Finding a story: who, what, where, when and why? See www.delicious.com/CleanAirLondon

- Chelsea choked by its tractors (Observer, 2006) Yummy mummies watch out: your gas-guzzlers are polluting your own streets and a ban may not be too far away
  Pollution puts Britain in dock (Metro, 2007)
- Britain is in trouble for breaking the limit on levels of a noxious pollutant gas
- We're choking to deaths while the government dithers (Independent, 2008)
- UK tops league for toxic traffic fumes (Sunday Times, 2009) We have the worst road pollution in Europe
- Government may countermand Boris Johnson over air quality fears (Guardian, 2009) Ministers could challenge London mayor as concern mounts that failure to meet European directives on air quality may lead to £300m of fines
- Premature deaths caused by London pollution three times higher than claimed (Guardian, 2009)
- Campaign group writes to health secretary Alan Johnson calling for clarification of impact of poor air quality in capital
- Boris Johnston row with ministers over pollution 'was covered up' (Evening Standard, 2009) A row between Boris Johnson and ministers over spiralling air pollution in London is being covered up, campaigners claim

Deaths: 35,000. 59,000? (Air Quality Bulletin, 2010)

#### • UK air pollution causes 50,000 early deaths a year, say MPs (Guardian, 2010)

Minute particles from burning fuel can shorten lives by up to nine years, according to the environmental audit committee

# Environmental Audit Committee media release on the publication of its report into poor air quality

#### Tim Yeo MP, Chair of the Environmental Audit Committee said:

"Air pollution probably causes more deaths than passive smoking, traffic accidents or obesity, yet it receives very little attention from Government or the media.

"In the worst affected areas this invisible killer could be taking years off the lives of people most at risk, such as those with asthma.

"The large EU fines we face, if we don't get to grips with this problem, should now focus Ministers' minds.

"Much more needs to be done to save lives and reduce the enormous burden air pollution is placing on the NHS." Things you should be ready to talk about

Who, what, where, when, why?

- Air quality is much worse than most of us have realised
- Concentrations and trends
- Health impact e.g. premature deaths; average years lost
- Legal framework and current enforcement action
- Sources e.g. diesel emissions; inner low emission zones
- Solutions: technology; behavioural change (adaptation and mitigation); political will
- The opportunity: health; co-benefits with climate change

#### But each case is different: preparation is key

## Preparation: what message(s) do you want to get across?

- Did they contact you or vice versa?
- What story are they interested in?
- When is their deadline?
- What's the format? Will it be live or recorded?
- Where? The studio, the street, calling you at home. What should you wear and is a photo wanted
- What message(s) do you want to get across?
- Write your message(s) out as bullet points. Aide memoire
- Rehearse what you want to say. Be yourself/relaxed
- Send a media release with a few points or summary to contacts. Quotes. Check you facts and include sources

The value of a good website

- The value of a campaign website (and Twitter)
- Making it easier for others: 'access' and 'speed'
- Making it easier for yourself: 'filing' and 'emailing'
- Scaleable: get the best bandwidth you can afford
- Publishing 'content': letters, updates and research
- Sharing 'favourites' and highlighting media coverage
- Tracking progress: search engine rankings
- The value of a *BlackBerry* and building email lists

## Possible 'hooks' for UK air quality

- Premature deaths in your local area due to 'longterm' exposure to dangerous airborne particles
- Breaches of NO<sub>2</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> (and other?) limit values
- UK time extension for  $PM_{10}$  or escalated legal action
- AQSR 2010 enters into force on 11 June 2010
- 27 July (2010/2011) 2012: start of the Olympic Games
- Smog alerts and bonfire night warnings
- Congestion charging and low emission zones coming and/or going
- Local incinerators, waste plants and airports
- Conferences, events, publications or consultations

## Things to bear in mind

- One silly comment can undo years of goodwill
- Don't expect every (any?) story to be published
- Your story may <u>not</u> be time critical i.e. it can wait
- Respond helpfully within minutes. Warn re NO<sub>2</sub>/x;  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>
- Respect embargoes and confidentiality
- 'On' and 'off the record'. Agree upfront. Spokesperson?
- Take care to avoid jargon, libel (and slander) and/or 'risk'
- Ask to submit your quotes by email and/or check them so there's no scope for misunderstanding
- Don't expect to see a draft of the journalist's story
- Build good relationships with local politicians/ organisations since they may refer enquiries to you
- Refer non-local enquires to Ed Dearnley. Liaise with Ed
- Seek professional media training. Be persistent and patient

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